

NAME OF THE SCHOOL

(RSHSS)

SYLLABUS

&

COURSE STRUCTURE

M. A. in Political Science

M. A. in Political Science

Programme Structure

		1st semester		_						2nd semester					
Sl. No.	Subject Code	Names of subjects	L	Т	P	С	тср	SI. No.	Subject Code	Names of subjects	L	Т	Р	С	тср
Core Subjects						Core Subjects		I							
1	POL184C101	Debates in Political Theory	3	1	0	4	4	1	POL184C201	Administrative Theory	3	1	0	4	4
2	POL184C102	Comparative Political Analysis	3	1	0	4	4	2	POL184C202	Themes in Indian Political Thought	3	1	0	4	4
3	POL184C103	Politics in India	3	1	0	4	4	3	POL184C203	Themes in World Politics and International Political Economy	3	1	0	4	4
4	POL184C104	Theories of International Relations	3		0	4	4	4	POL184C204	Issues in Political Theory	3	1	0	4	4
	Ability Enhance	ement Compulso	ory	0	Col	irs	e	Abi	lity Enhanceme	nt Compulsory Co	ou	rse	e (1	AE	CC)*
	1	(AECC)*	1	r –	1	1	1		1	1		1	1	-	
5	CEN984A101	Communicative English – I				1	1	5	CEN984A201	Communicative English - II				1	1
6	BHS984A103	Behavioural Science – I				1	1	6	BHS984A203	Behavioural Science - II				1	1
	I	I						A	Ability Enhance	ment Elective Cou	rs	e ([A]	EE(C)
										(Skill Based):					,
								7		AEEC/SEC/-1*				2	2
	Elective: l	Discipline Specifi	сI)S	Е				Elective:	Discipline Specific	D	S	E		
7	POL184D101	DSE – 1			1	4	4	8	POL184D201	DSE - 2				4	4
		TOTAL				22	22			TOTAL				24	24
		3rd semester								4th semester					
Sl. No.	Subject Code	Names of subjects	L	Т	Р	С	ТСР	Sl. No.	Subject Code	Names of subjects	L	Т	Р	С	ТСР
	(Core Subjects	1		1	1	r		l	Core Subjects	_		1		
1	POL184C301	Modern India: Politics and Determinants	3	1	0	4	4	1	POL184C401	Social Movements	3	1	0	4	4
2	POL184C302	Democracy and Political Institutions	3	1	0	4	4	2	POL184C402	Indian Govt. and Politics	3	1	0	4	4
	Ability Enhance	cement Compulso	orv	• (ζοι	irs	e	Abi	lity Enhanceme	nt Compulsory Co	oui	rse	e (/	4E	CC)*
	.	(AECC)*					-		J	1					/
3	CEN984A301	Comm. Eng				1	1	3	CEN984A401	Comm. Eng				1	1
Α	bility Enhancer	nent Elective Co	urs	se	(A	EF	EC)				•	•			
	-	(Skill Based):													
4		AEEC/SEC/-2*				2	2								
Elective: Discipline Specific DSE				L		Discipline Specific	: D	S	E						
5	POL184D301	DSE - 3			-	4	4	4	POL184D401	DSE - 6				4	4
6	POL184D302	DSE-4	1			4	4	5	POL184D402	DSE - 7				4	4

7	POL184D303	DSE-5		4	4	6	POL184D403	DSE - 8		4	4
	Pro	ject Dissertation		Project Dissertation							
8	POL184C321	Minor		4	4	7	POL184C431	Major		8	8
		TOTAL		27	27			TOTAL	2	9	29

Sl. No.	Subject Code	Names of subjects	L	Т	' P	C	ТСР
		Elective: DSE-1 & 2	1	r—			
1		Liberal Political Theory				4	
2		State Politics in India				4	
3		Politics of Developing Countries				4	
4		Contemporary Political Issues	4	0	0	4	
	Electi	ve: DSE- 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8 (Specialization: Political Theory)					•
1		Contemporary Political Theory				4	
2		Research Methodology	4	0	0	4	
3		Marxist Political Theory	4	0	0	4	
4		Women and Political Theory				4	
5		Third World Political Theory				4	
6		Political Ideologies	4	0	0	4	
7		Contemporary debates in Political Theory				4	
8		Ancient Indian Political Thought	4	0	0	4	
	Elective	: DSE- 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8 (Specialization: Comparative Politics)				
1		Political Parties	4			4	
2		Pressure Groups and Social Movements	4	0	0	4	
3		3. Federal Theory and Practice	4	0		4	
4		Globalization and its Impact on the Political System	4	0		4	
5		South Asian Political Systems	4			4	
6		West Asian Political Systems		0		4	
7		African Political Systems				4	
8		East and South East Asian Political Systems	4	0	0	4	
	Elect	ive: DSE- 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8 (Specialization: Indian Politics)					
1		Democracy in India				4	
2		Federalism in India				4	
3		Political Parties in India				4	
4		Politics of a Concerned State				4	
5		Electoral Politics in India				4	
6		Political Sociology				4	
7		Society and Politics in North East India				4	
8		Indian Political Economy		0	0	4	
		DSE- 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8 (Specialization: Public Administration					
1		Indian Administration				4	
2		Development Administration	4	0	0	4	
3		Administrative Theory	_	_	_	4	
4		Public Policy and Analysis				4	
5		Comparative Administrative Systems in Developing Countries					
6		Economic Administration in India				4	
7		International Administration				4	
8		Bureaucracy			0	4	
		DSE- 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8 (Specialization: International Relation	~ ^				
1		International Organizations				4	
2		International Law				4	
3		Foreign Policy of Major Powers	_	_	_	4	
4		India's Foreign Policy	_	_	_	4	
5		The Third World: Security and Developmental Dimensions				4	
6		Human Rights: Problems and Prospects				4	
7		Theory and Practice of Diplomacy	_	_	_	4	
8		Politics of International Financial Institutions	4	0	0	4	
Summ	ary of Credits						
	Sem-I	22					
	Sem-II	24					
	Sem-III	27					
	Sem-IV	29				L	

TOTAL

102

I. Core courses may be of the following:

(i) Theory (4) =Credit 4 with no tutorial
(ii) Theory(3) + Tutorial (2) = Credit 4 for theory paper
(iii) Theory (3)+ Practical(2)= Credit 4 for Theory and Practical combined
(iv) Practical (4) =Credit 4 for Only practical papers

Note: There may be variations in Core component of the structure from dept. to dept. It is expected the variation should not be too large in terms of number of papers or in terms of credits.

II. Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC)*

(i) Communicative English : Four courses in all semester – Credit assigned: 1(ii) Developing Oral Communication & Listening Skills

(iii) Conversation & Public Speaking

(iv) Communication & Presentation Skills

(v) Effective Workplace Communication

(Subjects may be offered after consultations with Royal School of Languages and requirements of the department.)

(b) Behavioural Science: 2 courses in $1^{st} \mbox{ and } 2^{nd}$ semesters –Credits assigned: 1^{\ast}

(i) Introduction to behavioural science

(ii) Development of Individuals and

Behavioural Skills

(Subjects may be offered after consultations with Royal School of Behavioural& Allied Sciences and requirements of the department.)

III. Ability Enhancement Elective Course (AEEC) (Skill Based):

	AEEC/SEC- 1 (in second semester) (Choose any one)	AEEC/SEC-2(in third semester) (Choose any one)
1	ILD-1	ILD-2
2	FRENCH-1	FRENCH-2
3	С++	LATEX
4	SCILAB	
5	MATLAB	

6	Any other skill based courses offered by other schools of RGU and opted by Student	Any other skill based courses offered by other schools of RGU and opted by Student
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IV. Elective: Discipline Specific DSE

	FIRST SEMESTER (Choose Any one) Out of 3- 5 choices	SECOND SEMESTER (Choose any one) Out of 3-5 choices	THIRD SEMESTE R (Choose any three) Out of 6- 9 choices	FOURTH SEMSTE R (Choose any three) Out of 6- 9 choices
1	DSE1-1	DSE2-1	DSE3-1	DSE4-1
2	DSE1-2	DSE2-2	DSE3-2	DSE4-2
3	DSE1-3	DSE2-3	DSE3-3	DSE4-3
4	DSE1- 4	DSE 2-4	DSE 3-4	DSE4- 4
5	DSE1-5	DSE2-5	DSE3-5	DSE4-5
6			DSE 3-6	DSE4-6
7			DSE 3-7	DSE4-7

Note: DSE1-1 - DSE1-5 means 5 DSE papers are offered in 1st semester out of which 1 may be chosen

The course structure shared is at par with the CBCS system of UGC. Any difference found should be brought to notice immediately

Preamble

The Learning Outcome based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) is designed to emphasize the teaching-learning process at the postgraduate (M.A) level in Political Science to sensitize and train the students to develop a sound and systematic approach regarding theory and processes of natural and human activities. The focus is to help the students to understand the latest tools and techniques, which would help in giving focused and precise understanding of public Political Science and theory. The purpose is to enhance the capability of the students in perceiving, creating and analyzing sound bases and concepts of the subject.

This LOCF is designed to emphasize the teaching and learning process at the postgraduate M.A from teacher centric to student centric by strengthening the quality of teaching and learning in the present day real life scenario of global, regional and local level. It is considered learning as an activity of creativity and understanding. The main objective of this course is to introduce critical thinking on various theories and concepts of the Political Science and its related subjects. The aim is to prepare students for the comprehensive understanding as well as practical application of various concepts of the Political Science and administration.

Introduction

The M. A. Political Science Programme was introduced in Royal Global University in 2018. M.A. or Master of Arts in Political Science is a postgraduate Political Science course. The twoyear MA Program in Political Science offers a comprehensive and interdisciplinary curriculum in theory and research methods in contemporary political science. The program is aimed for students who graduated a three-year BA/BSc/B.Com degree. The program invites students who wish to develop the analytical skills necessary to achieve excellence in politics and economics of democratization in a comparative perspective, international relations, comparative and South Asian politics, current issues in the theory and practice of constitutional democracy, political theory, public administration, and political economy. The MA program targets both future academics and students who wish to pursue careers in non-academic jobs requiring considerable skills in social and political analysis, typically in the civil service, the news media, NGOs, political and cultural organizations, and private businesses.

The curriculum for MA Political Science involves certain core courses which revolve around fundamental concepts related to political science. The discipline specific electives focus on specialized areas of political science. Apart from the core subjects and elective subjects, students are also required to either submit a project report or a dissertation on a topic related to and relevant to contemporary political sciencies.

The discipline of Political Science studies government-in-action and has acquired salience and popularity among students, particularly those aspiring to make a career in the rapidly changing political economy of India today. The Indian Civil services are an alternative area of career planning for the students of Political Science besides the ever expanding private sector in post globalized India. The 20 papers of the Programme familiarize the student with the complexities of state and political functioning as well as policy making and implementation with particular

reference to India. The student learns about the concepts and theories of politcs and their application which is extremely relevant to the working of both public and private sector organizations. A Master's Programme in Political Science additionally equips the student with knowledge of the Indian constitution, the political system, institutions and their functioning, gender, comparative politics besides giving an idea of how a government works at the central, state and local levels. Many new topics of study have been added to enhance the skill set of the student ensuring newer inputs for academic engagement and research, besides added avenues of employment.

The courses in the Programme have been structured in a manner that they introduce the student to the canvas of subjects that comprise the umbrella discipline of Political Science which has both theoretical and applied aspects. Beginning with a focus on concepts and theories which form the core courses, other courses are introduced to see how these concepts have been translated into Indian political practice.

Apart from the end semester exams that the University conducts on a biannual basis the internal assessment plan enables the teacher to understand and evaluate a student's thinking, writing and articulation skills. The assessment methods are:

□ Assignment and Class Tests

- \Box Class Presentations/ Discussions
- □ Major Project Report and Viva

There is a Project Report and Viva-Voce (8 credits) which tests the student's understanding of research tools for conducting survey research, in any case study that they might wish to present in their Project work.

Given this diverse basket of courses and skill sets that a student is expected to master in this M. A. Programme, the learning outcomes enable them to seek gainful employment and engagement in diverse sectors of the economy such as teaching and research, civil services, journalism, law or executive work in private sector organizations.

Level: MA Semester I

Course: C-I

Title of Paper: Debates in Political Theory PAPER CODE- POL184C101

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course	Teaching	Learning	Course
Objectives	Learning	Outcomes	Evaluation
	Process		
 To familiarize the students with the manner in which the political questions were first posed. To give students an understanding of how the key concepts in Political Theory had emerged and enriched Political Philosophy through the debates. 	 Lecture Method Assignment Individual and Group Presentation 	 Have an understanding of the importance of theoretical inquiry in Politics and the significance of normative judgements in Political context. Develop an understanding of some of the major disagreements and debates that contemporary political theory is engaged with by analysing the perspective of different Political Philosophers. 	 A. Semester end examination : 70 marks B B. Internal Assessment:20 marks (Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation: 05, Class Participation: 05

Course Outline

Unit 1: Introduction to Political Theory

Periods: 10

- 1. What is Political Theory?
- 2. Disagreements and Debates in Political Theory,
- 3. Normative judgement in a Political Context

Unit 2: Debates on Liberty Periods: 10

- 1. Ancient vs. Modern Liberty (Constant)
- 2. Freedom as autonomy (Kant, Mill)
- 3. Negative vs. Positive Liberty (Berlin, MacCallum),
- 4. Freedom and the market (Libertarians), Republican Conception (Skinner),
- 5. Freedom as Development (Sen)
- 6. Freedom as Swaraj (Gandhi)

Unit 3: Debates on Equality Periods: 10

- 1. Value of Equality (Bernard Williams)
- 2. Equality of Opportunity (Rawls)
- 3. Equality of What? (Welfare, Resources, Capability)
- 4. Luck egalitarianism and its critique (Elizabeth Anderson)

Unit 4: Debates on Justice Periods: 10

- 1. Consequentialist vs. Deontological (Utilitarians, Rawls)
- 2. Justice as Fairness (Rawls)
- 3. Communitarian and Feminist Conceptions (Walzer, Sandel, Okin)
- 4. Global Justice (Thomas Pogge)

Total Periods: 40

Key Word: Political Theory, Normative Judgement, liberty, Equality, Egalitarianism, Justice, Communitarian, Feminism

References:

- 1 Hoffman, John (2010) Introduction to Political Theory, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2 Andrew, Heywood, (2015) Political Theory, 4th Edition, Palgrave, London
- **3** R. John (1971) A Theory of Justice, 3rd Edition, Bellknap, Harvard.
- 4 Will Kymlicka (2005) Contemporary Political Philosophy, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 5 Mohanty, Manoranjan, (2000) Contemporary Indian Political Theory, Samskriti, New Delhi.
- 6 Bhargava R., Acharya A., (2016), Political Theory: An Introduction, Pearson, Noida.

Textbooks

1 R. John (1971) A Theory of Justice, 3rd Edition, Bellknap, Harvard

2 Gauba, OP, 2014, An Introduction to Political Theory, Surendar Publishers

3 Asirvatham M, 2001, Political Theory, S.Chand and Ltd

Course: C-II

Title of Paper: Comparative Political Analysis PAPER CODE- POL184C102

Course	Teaching	Learning	Course
Objectives	learning	Outcomes	evaluation
	process		
1.To give students an	1.Lecture	1. Have an	A. Semester end
understanding of the		understanding about	examination : 70
concepts, theories		the development of	marks
and the historical		Modern States in	
experiments of	2.Assignment	Europe and non-	
developing countries		European Societies.	B. Internal
as well as advanced			Assessment:20
industrialised	3.Individual and	2.Be able to make a	marks Assignment:
countries	Group Presentation	comparative analysis	10, Assignment
		of the political,	Presentation: 05,
2.To give students		institutional and	Class Participation:
exposure to the		economic	05
Eurocentric bias in		development and	
the field of		underdevelopment of	
comparative politics,		the nations and about	
and to identify the		the evolution of	
processes of de-		social movements	
centring which have		and its impact upon	
reconfigured the		the state structure	
field insignificant			
ways			

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course Outline

Unit 1: Comparative Methods and Approaches

- 1. An overview of the field of Comparative Political Analysis
- 2. Approaches to Comparative Political Analysis- Formal Institutional
- 3. Political Systems and Structural Functional Approach
- 4. Culture-centric, Political Economy, New Institutionalism

Unit 2: Nationalism and Anti-Colonial Struggles Development Periods:10

- 1. Theories of Modernisation
- 2. Underdevelopment
- 3. Dependency, World System.

Unit 3: Theories of State Periods: 10

- 1. State- Theories of the State
- 2. Development of Modern States in Europe and Non-European Societies
- 3. State and Social Classes in- Capitalist, Socialist, Post-Colonial Societies

Unit 4: Comparative Party Systems Periods: 10

- 1. Social Movements and Revolutions
- 2. New Social Movements
- 3. Theories of Revolutions
- 4. Comparative Study of Revolutions

Total Period: 40

Key Word: Comparative Political Analysis, Structural Functional Approach, Political Economy, New Institutionalism, Underdevelopment, Dependency, World System, Social Movements, Revolutions

References:

- 1 Khan, Adil (2015) Politics of Identity: Ethnic Nationalism and the State in Pakistan, 1st Edition, 2015, Sage, New Delhi
- 2 A, Panebianco (2008) Political Parties, Organisation and Power, Cambridge University Press, New York.

Periods: 10

- 3 Lijphart A., (2008) Thinking About Democracy, illustrated, Routledge, London.
- 4 Benedict A., (2016) Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism, (revised), Verso London.
- 5 Keith F.(2011) Political Sociology, Reprint, Edinburgh University Press

Textbooks

1 Johari J C, 2010, Comparative Politics, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers

2 Pane Bianco (2008) Political Parties, Organisation and Power, Cambridge University Press, New York

3 Benedict A., (2016) Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism, (revised), Verso London

Course: C-III

Title of Paper: Politics in India PAPER CODE- POL184C103

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course	Teaching	Learning	Course
Objectives	learning	Outcomes	evaluation
	process		
1. To give students an understanding of the societal dynamics and their impact on Indian	1.Lecture	1.Get an understanding of the changing nature of class dominance in India and its impact	
political processes.	2.Assignment	on political process	B. Internal Assessment:20
2. To acquaint students with how state and politics are informed by social processes and political mobilizations, historically and in contemporary contexts.		2.Get acquainted with how concepts such as regionalism, communism, secularism, gender has created deep impact in Indian Politics and electoral system and has in turn effected the political	marks Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation: 05,

	mobilization citizen's consciousness towards issues		
	national importa	nce.	

Course Outline

Unit 1: Approaches to Indian Politics and State in IndiaPeriod: 10

- 1. Historical, cultural, Subaltern and Political Economy perspectives.
- 2. Nature of Democratic State in India.

Unit 2: Class, Caste, Tribe and Gender, Religion, Region and Language

- 1. The changing nature of class dominance in India
- 2. Politics and social mobilizations
- 3. Issues of equality and representation.
- 4. Communalism and Secular politics
- 5. Region and language: issues of recognition, autonomy and secession

Unit 3: Development Process and Political Parties

- 1. Concept, strategies, policies, and critiques,
- 2. Poverty alleviation programmes
- 3. Globalisation and impact on the weaker sections.
- 4. Party system and reforms

Unit 4: Elections, Social Movements: objectives, methods, impact and recent trends Period: 10

- 1. Caste, class, religion, gender and region in electoral politics
- 2. Election Commission and electoral reforms.
- 3. Labour: organized and unorganized
- 4. Peasantry, Adivasis, Women.

Total Period: 40

The highlighted portion will be taught in online method

Period: 10

Period: 10

Key Word: Indian Politics, Developmental and Coercive Dimension, Social Mobilization, Representation, Autonomy, Secession, Party System

References

- 1 Politics in India, Kothari R.,(2012), Orient Black Swan, New Delhi.
- **2** Yemini M., (2017) Internationalization and Global Citizenship. Policy and Practice in Education, Palgrave Macmillan, London.
- 3 Nigam A., (2006) The Insurrection of Little Selves: The Crisis of Secular-Nationalism in India, , (latest Edition), Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 4 Kothari R., Caste in Indian Politics, (2010), (2nd Edition), Orient Blackswan, New Delhi.
- 5 KohliA., (2014) India's Democracy: An Analysis of Changing State-Society Relations, Princeton University Press, Princeton, New Jersey.

Textbooks

1 Jayal and Mehta, 2011, Politics in India, New Delhi, Oxford Publishers

2 Kothari R., Caste in Indian Politics, (2010), (2nd Edition), Orient Blackswan, New Delhi.

3 Kaviraj S, 2001, Politics in India, OUP

Course: C-IV

Title of Paper: Theories of International Relations PAPER CODE- POL184C104

Teaching Learning Course Course **Objectives** Learning evaluation **Outcomes Process** 1.Lecture 1. To give students 1.Be able to learn A. Semester end an understanding of examination: 80 about the kev the diverse traditions milestones in world marks oftheoretical history and will help endeavours in the 2.Assignment them with the tools to International understand and Relations as they analyze the same have evolved around different from B. Internal the world. perspectives Assessment:20 3.Individual and marks Assignment: 2.Have a thorough Group Presentation 10, Assignment 2. To give students a background Presentation: 05, about thorough the approaches of IR **Class Participation:** background in all theory and the nature 05 schools of IR theory of international debates politics and how it is and the to be conceptualized, between themregarding their understood and perspective on the judged, bearing in nature of mind their geointernational politics. cultural specificities.

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course Outline

Unit 1: Introduction to International RelationsPeriod: 101. Evolution of the Discipline
2. The Great Debates in International RelationPeriod: 10Unit II: Realism: Its Variants and Complements-Period: 10

1. Realism and Structural Realism

- 2. Indian Tradition: Kautilya's Real politique,
- 3. The English School

Unit 4: Liberalism

- 1. Idealism
- 2. Neo-Liberalism
- 3. Institutionalism

Unit 3: Alternative Approaches in IR

Period: 10

Periods: 10

- 1. Critical Theory
- 2. Constructivism
- 3. Post-Modernism
- 4. Feminism
- 5. Neo-Marxism

Total Period: 40

Key Word: International Relation, Realism, Constructivism, Post Modernism, Neo-Marxism

References:

- 1 Scott Burchill (2015) Theories of International Relations, et al., 3^{rd edition}, Palgrave Macmillan, Basingstoke.
- 2 Pant P., (2011) International Relations in the 21st century, Reprint, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- **3** Pevehous W.C.J., Goldstein S. J., (2017) International Relations, Pearson, New Delhi.
- **4** Dunne T., M. Kurki, Smith S., (2017) International Relations. Discipline and Diversity, 2017, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform.
- 5 Brown C., Ainley K, (2015) Understanding International Relations, Cambridge University Press, Palgrave Macmillan.

Textbooks:

- 1 Ghai KK, International Relations, 2002, Kalyani Publishers
- 2 Dhariwal Y, International Relations, 2019, Oak Bridge Publishers

3 Brown C., Ainley K, (2015) Understanding International Relations, Cambridge University Press, Palgrave Macmillan.

Level I

Course: DSE 1

Title of Paper: Liberal Political Theory PAPER CODE-POL184D101 Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course	Teaching	Learning	Course
Objectives	learning	outcomes	evaluation
	process		
1. The objective of	1.Lecture	1. Shall build an	A. Semester end
this course is to		understanding of the	examination: 80
explore the liberal		nature and value of	marks
political theory and		liberal thinking	
how it can yield		attached to politics,	
unique insights and	2.Assignment	at the end of the	
foster critical		course.	B. Internal
thinking about			Assessment:20
political ideas and		2.After completing	marks Assignment:
arguments.	3.Individual and	this course the	10, Assignment
	Group Presentation	students will also be	Presentation: 05,
2. To make students		familiar with the	Class Participation:
aware about the		ideals, values and	05
debates on		principles attached	
development and		with the liberal	
various perspectives		philosophy and its	
on the issues of		implementation in	
development.		various	
		constitutional	
		provisions of	
		different countries	

Course Outline

Unit 1: Liberalism and Political Philosophy

Periods: 10

- 1. The Enlightenment, modernity and liberalism
- 2. Neo-Liberalism: 'Rolling Back the State':
- 3. L.T. Hobhouse: Modern Liberalism.
- 4. Concept of liberty and Minimalist state

5. Hayek and Nozick: Libertarians and Egalitarians. 6. Theory of Justice: Rawls and Sen. **Unit 2: Communitarianism and Multiculturalism** Periods: 10 1. Basic tenets 2. Concept of civic republicanism. 3. Multiculturalism: Basic tenets 4. Multiculturalism in the non-western world. 5. Post-Colonialism and Orientalism: An Overview **Unit 3: Feminism** Periods: 10 1. Phases of Development of Feminist Movement: 2. Various schools and issues: Sex and Gender, Public vs Private, Personal is Political Periods: 10

Unit 4: Communitarianism

1. The Communitarian Critique of Liberalism: Community and Tradition.

2. Views of Michael Sandel and Charles Taylor

Total Periods: 40

Key Word: Liberalism, Minimalist State, Orientalism, Gender, Community

References:

1 Butler E., (2012) The Ideas and influence of the Libertarian Economist, Harriman House Ltd., Great Britian.

2. Gray J., (2010) Liberalism: Essays in Political Philosophy, (1st Edition), Routledge, U.S.A.

3. Sandel, Michael, (2016) Liberalism and the Limits of Justice, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

4. Boucher D., Kelly P., (2018) Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present, 2018, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

5. Bhargava R., Acharya A., (2016) Political Theory: An Introduction, 2016, Pearson, Noida

Textbooks

1. Wolfe, Christopher, (2009), Liberalism at Crosswords: An Introduction to Contemporary Liberal Political Theory and its Critics, Rowman Publishers.

- 2. Sandel, Michael, (2016) Liberalism and the Limits of Justice, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Bhargava R., Acharya A.,(2016) Political Theory: An Introduction, 2016, Pearson, Noida

Level Semester II

Course: C-I

Title of Paper: Administrative Theory PAPER CODE- POL184C201 Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course	Teaching-	Learning	Course
Objectives	learning	outcomes	evaluation
	process		
1. To give students an understanding of the theories that shaped the emergence of the modern systems of governance and their related structures and processes. These	1.Lecture 2.Assignment	1.Have an insight into the various schools of administrative thought and theories that shaped the emergence of modern bureaucracy	examination : 70 marks
 include Western and Non-Western traditions. 2. To increase student's ability to comprehend the basic tenets and developments of administrative theory. 	3.Individual and Group Presentation	2. Have an understanding about the contemporary developments of Public Administration.	10, Assignment Presentation: 05, Class Participation: 05

Course Outline

Unit 1: Theories and Approaches to the Study of Public AdministrationEvolution of the Discipline of Public AdministrationPeriods: 10

- 1. Western Traditions, Non-Western Traditions
- 2. The Scientific Management School
- 3. The Classical Theory of Management/Administrative Management Theory

- 4. The Ideal organization: Max Weber
- 5. Human Relations: Elton Mayo
- 6. Behavioural and Systems approaches- Argyris, Maslow, McGregor

Unit 2: Contextual Public Administration Periods: 10

- 1. Ecological Approach: Fred Riggs
- 2. Rational Decision-Making Approach: Herbert Simon,
- 3. Development Administration Approach
- 4. Political Economy Approach
- 5. Marxist Approach

Unit 3: Contemporary Developments: New Public Administration

Periods: 10

- 1. Non-Weberian perspectives
- 2. Value questions, Clientele perspective.
- 3. Good Governance and Development
- 4. Feminist Perspectives on Public Administration.

Unit 4: Grassroots governance: alternative perspectivePeriods: 10

- 1. Gandhi
- 2. J. Nyerere
- 3. Mao

Total Periods: 40

Key Word: Public Administration, Scientific Management, Organisation, Rational Decision Making, Clientele Perspective, Good Governance, Development

References:

- 1 Laxmikanth M., (2017) Public Administration, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- **2** Bhattacharya, Mohit, (2008) New Horizons of Public Administration, Jawahar Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- **3** Singh H., and Sachdeva P., (2011) Public Administration: Theory and Practice, , Pearson Education India, New Delhi
- 4 Maheswari S., Avasthi A., (2017) Public Administration, Laxmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra.
- **5** Chakrabarty B., Bhattacharya M., (2003) Public Administration: A Reader, (latest edition), Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

Textbooks:

1. Sahni and Vayunandan, 2009, Administrative Theory, PHI Learning Publishers.

- 2. Ojha and Sharma, 2010, Administrative Theory, Raj Publishers
- 3. Laxmikanth M., (2017) Public Administration, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Level Semester III

Course: C-II

Title of Paper: Themes in Indian Political Thought

PAPER CODE- POL184C202

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course	Teaching-	Learning	Course
Objectives	learning	Outcomes	evaluation
	Process		
1.To give students an introduction to the richness and variety of the tradition of Indian Political Thought, a tradition	1.Lecture 2.Assignment	1. Have an understanding of the evolution of various traditions which enriched the Indian Society.	A. Semester end examination : 80 marks B. Internal Assessment:20
that spans centuries if not millennia culminating in the various present day understandings of Indian society. 2.To acquaint	3.Individual and Group Presentation	2. Be able to compare and analyse the tradition- modernity debates which enriched the Indian	Assessment:20 marks Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation: 05, Class Participation: 05
students with various conflicts and contradictions by focusing on the critical perspectives of Indian Society		Society.	

Course Outline

Unit 1: Perspectives Periods: 10

- **1.** Classical and Shramanic.
- 2. Islamic, Syncretic and Hindutva.
- 3. Contemporary Theories: Liberal, Marxist.

Unit 2: Theories and Practices of Knowledge	Periods: 8
1. Nationalist School of Thought: Dadabhai Naoroji.	
2. Gandhi and Nehru's Political Ideas	
3. The ideas of Feminism through Pandita Ramabai.	
Unit 3: Conception and Forms of Community	Periods 8
1. Importance of Community.	
2. Raja Ram Mohan Roy's major ideas	
Unit 4: Critical Perspectives on Indian Society	Periods: 14
1. Reformist School: Kabir Das.	
2. Social and Religious Nationalism: Aurobindo and Lohia.	

3. Critique of Nationalism: Tagore and Marxist ideas.

Total Period: 40

Key Word: Shramanic, Syncretist, Reformist, Socialist, Gandhian, Cultural and Religious Nationalism

References

- 1 Roy D., (2016) History and Politics: Perspective from South Asia, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
- 2 Bose S., Jalal A., (2014) Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy, , Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 3 Bhattacharyya H., (2002) Cultural Heritage of India, (latest Edition) Ramakrishna Mission.
- 4 Flaten T.L., (2016) Hindu Nationalism, History and Identity in India: Narrating a Hindu Past under the BJP, Routledge, London.
- 5 Sharma Jyotimaya, (2011) Hindutva: Exploring the Idea of Hindu Nationalism, Penguin Books Ltd., New Delhi

Text Book:

- 1. Singh, M.P, and Roy H, 2018, Indian Political Thought: Themes and Thinkers, Pearson Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Gauba, O.P, 2019, Indian Political Thought, National Publishing House, New Delhi
- 3. Bhattacharyya H., (2002) Cultural Heritage of India, (latest Edition) Ramakrishna Mission

Course: C-III

Title of Paper: Themes in World Politics and International Political Economy

PAPER CODE-POL184C203

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course	Teaching-	Learning	Course
objectives	learning	outcomes	evaluation
	process		

	1	1	
1. To familiarize the	1.Lecture	1.Get familiarized	
students with certain		with certain Global	examination : 80
key concepts for		Problems	marks
analyzing world		challenging the	
politics and the core		sovereignty of nation	
theoretical issues and		states	
empirical	2.Assignment		
explanations in the			
field of International			B. Internal
Political Economy			Assessment:20
(IPE).		2. Have an insight of	marks Assignment:
		the Institutions of	10, Assignment
	3.Individual and	Global Governance	Presentation: 05,
2.To introduce	Group Presentation	which shaped	Class Participation:
students with the key		International	05
issues pertaining to		Political Economy.	
the relationship			
between security and			
economic affairs, the			
tensions between the			
'national' and			
'international' for			
decision making on			
matters of global			
economic			
governance and,			
politics of			
international trade,			
finance and labour.			

Course Outline

Periods: 8

Unit 1: Concepts

- 1. State, Power
- 2. Security

3. Culture and Religion

Unit 2: International Political Economy

- 1. Theoretical Debates and Critical Perspectives
- 2. Global Economic Governance (IMF, WB and WTO)

Periods: 14

- 3. Politics of International Trade
- 4. Finance and Labour
- 5. Knowledge and Technology
- 6. International Alignments (G-7, BRICS and G-20)

Unit 3: Global and Environmental Governance

- 1. Scope and Objective
- 2. Political Ecology
- 3. Sustainable Development

Unit 4: Global Challenges and Movements

Periods: 8

Periods: 10

- 1. Global Social Movements
- 2. Global Justice

Total Periods: 40

Key Word: Power, Security, Global Economic Governance, International Monetary Fund, World Bank, World Trade Organisation, Sustainable Development, Global Justice

References:

- 1 Ravenhill J., (2011) Global Political Economy, (Latest Edition), OUP, UK
- 2 Dunne T., M. Kurki, Smith S., (2017) International Relations. Discipline and Diversity, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform
- **3** Bromley S., Brown W., Athreya, S, (2014) Ordering the International: History, Change and Transformation, Pluto Press, London.
- 4 Pogge T., Moellendorf D., 2008, Global Justice: Seminal Essays, Paragon House, U.S.A.
- 5 Yemini M., 2017, Internationalization and Global Citizenship. Policy and Practice in Education, , Palgrave Macmillan, London.

Textbooks

- 1. Brin and Williams, 2018, Global Political Economy, Red Glove Press, UK
- 2. Ravenhill J., (2011) Global Political Economy, (Latest Edition), OUP, UK
- **3.** Pogge T., Moellendorf D., 2008, Global Justice: Seminal Essays, Paragon House, U.S.A.

Level II

Course: C-IV

Title of Paper: Issues in Political Theory PAPER CODE-POL184C204 Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course	Teaching-	Learning	Course
objectives	learning	outcomes	evaluation
	process		
1. To introduce students to the common issues that are there in Political Theory.	1.Lecture	1.Have an understanding of the evolution of the key problems in Political Theory and the	A. Semester end examination : 70 marks
	2.Assignment	perspectives which will help them to	
2. To instil in students an interest in reading original		make a political enquiry	B. Internal Assessment:20 marks Assignment: 10, Assignment
in reading original works, in the desire to closely follow the debates around philosophy and to familiarizes students with the manner in which the political questions were first posed.	3.Individual and Group Presentation	2. Have an insight into the philosophy of politics and Critical theory that emerged at different times under the writings of different political philosophers and their contribution towards the development of the discourse and later political system.	Presentation: 05, Class Participation: 05

Course Outline

Unit 1: Idea of Rights

- 1. The idea of Rights: Theories of Rights
- 2. Recent Debates on Rights especially in Developing Countries.

Unit 2: Justice and Equality

- 1. Are the conceptual debates on Justice and Equality important.
- 2. Can Justice and Equality be achieved: Major Debates.

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

Unit 3: Modern Issues Affecting Society

1. Toleration: A Debate on its need in modern Society

2. Global Poverty: Role of International Bodies

Unit 4: Emerging Issues in Theory

1. The Ecological Dimension in Politics: Green Movement.

2. The Environmental Debate: Between North and South.

Total Periods: 40

Key Word: Global Issues, Ecology, Procedural Justice, North and South

References

- 1 Subrata M., and Sushila R, (2016) A History of Political Thought: Plato to Marx, , Prentice Hall of India Pvt., New Delhi.
- 2 Leo and Cropsey J, (1987) A History of Political Philosophy, Strauss, University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
- 3 Menon Nivedita, (2012) Seeing Like A Feminist, , New Delhi, Penguin Books India.
- 4 Dunning, W. A., (2012) A History of Political Theories: Ancient and Modern, Macmillan & Co., Ltd., New York.
- 5 Sabine, G. H., (2014) A History of Political Theory, 2014, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., Calcutta.
- 6 Galisanka A., (2019) John Rawls The Path to a Theory of Justice, Harvard University Press, U.S.A.

Textbooks:

- 1. Catriona Mckinnon, Issues in Political Theory, OUP, 2008.
- 2. Sabine, G. H., (2014) A History of Political Theory, 2014, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., Calcutta.
- 3. Menon Nivedita, (2012) Seeing Like A Feminist, , New Delhi, Penguin Books India.

Level II

Course: DSE 2

Title of Paper: State Politics in India PAPER CODE-POL184D201

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

evaluation
A. Semester end examination : 80 marks B. Internal Assessment:20 marks Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation: 05, Class Participation: 05

Course Outline

Unit 1: Introduction to State PoliticsPeriod: 8

- 1. Background of State Politics in British India: Some of the Major Acts
- 2. Theoretical framework for the study of state politics and patterns of state politics.

Unit 2: Centre- State Relations	Period: 8
1. Socio-economic determinants of state politics.	
2. Centre-State Relations: Challenges and Opportunities	
Unit 3: Party System: An Overview	Period: 14
1. Regional Political Parties and its linkages	
2. National Parties and the Federal setup.	
Unit 4: Democratic Decentralization	Period: 10

- 1. Recommendations of National Commission on Constitutional Review.
- 2. Panchayati Raj system and its impact on state politics.
- 3. India and Human Development Index

Total Periods: 40

Key Word: State Politics, Centre-State Relation, Party System, Panchayati Raj

References:

- 1 Roy, Himangshu, Singh M.P., and Chouhan S.P.A., (ed), 2017, State Politics in India, Primus Book, New Delhi.
- 2 Dutta, Akhil Ranjan (ed), (2013) Politics In India: Issues, Institutions, Processes, , Arun Prakashan, Guwahati.
- 3 Dwivedi, Anupam, (2015) Panchayati Raj and Rural Development, , Rajat Publications, New Delhi
- 4 Dreze, Jean., Sen Amartya, (2010) India: Development and Participation, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 5 Singh M.P and Saxena R., (2008) Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns, (Latest Edition), Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Textbooks

- 1. Dreze, Jean., Sen Amartya, (2010) India: Development and Participation, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 2. Dutta, Akhil Ranjan (ed), (2013) Politics In India: Issues, Institutions, Processes, , Arun Prakashan, Guwahati.
- **3.** Yadav, Y, 2020, Making Sense of Indian Democracy, Permanent Black Press, New Delhi

LEVEL: SEMESTER III

COURSE: C 1

TITLE OF THE PAPER: Modern India: Politics and Determinants

PAPER CODE-POL184C301

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
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1This course is about	1. Lecture	1This paper will	A. Semester
introducing students		provide the students a	end
the conflicting ideas of	2. Assignment	critical understanding	examination: 70
what India is today and		of Indian society and	marks.
where it might be	3. Individual and	its complex structure.	Internal
heading.	Group		Assessment:
	Presentation	2Student will also get	30 Marks
2The course focuses on		familiarise with	(Assignment:
the various related		various perspectives to	10,
discourses of the		study Indian society,	Assignment
cultural, social,		nationalism and	Presentation:
political, economic,		development. After	05,
which are the topics of		the course, students	Attendance: 05)
intense debate today.		will have a clear	Internal Test: 10)
		approach to interpret	
		various aspects of	
		India.	

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I: Modern India: Debates	Periods: 10
 Ideological Debates: Gandhi- Ambedkar Debates on Casteism Tradition-Modernity Debate 	
UNIT II: Perspectives on Justice and Social Transformation	Periods: 10
2. Caste& Class in Indian Politics	
3. Religion in Indian Politics	
UNIT III: Nationalism and its Debates	Periods: 10
1. Subalternism and Debates	
2. Communalism and conflicts	
3. Linguistic Debates	
4. Regionalism and Politics	
UNIT IV: Development and its critiques	Periods: 10
1. Planning and Developmental Issues	
2. Narmada Bachao Andolan, Chipko Movement	
3. Anti Dam Movement and Displacement: An Overview	
	Total Periods: 40

Keywords: Caste, Narmada Bachao Andolan, Gandhi- Ambedkar, Regionalism

The highlighted portion will be taught through online method

REFERENCES:

- 1.Sigh M.P&Subhendu, Rajen Raj (ed), 2013, The Indian Political System, Pearson, New Delhi
- 2.Menon Nivedita, (2012) Seeing Like A Feminist, New Delhi, Penguin Books India.
- 3.Dutta, Akhil Ranjan (ed), (2013) *Politics In India: Issues, Institutions, Processes,* ,ArunPrakashan, Guwahati.
- 4. Mahajan. Gurpeet, (ed) (2011) *Accommodating Diversity: Ideas and Institutional Practices,* Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 5.Shah, Ghanashyam (ed), (2002) *Social Movements and the State*, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 6.Jayal G.J., and Pratap M.B., (2010) *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 7. Tharoor, Shashi, (2012) *India: From Midnight to the Millennium*, Penguin Books Ltd., New Delhi.
- 8. Chatterjee, Partha (ed), (2011) *The Partha Chatterjee Omnibus*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

Textbooks:

- 1. Bhargava, R, Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution, Oxford University Press, 2009
- 2. Chatterjee, P, Nations and Its Fragments: Colonial and Post-Colonial Histories Princeton University Press, 1993
- 3. Shah, Ghanashyam (ed), (2002) *Social Movements and the State*, Sage Publications, New Delhi.

LEVEL: SEMESTER 3

COURSE: C 2

TITLE OF THE PAPER: Democracy and Political Institutions

PAPER CODE-POL184C302

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
 The objective of the course is to introduce students about democracy as a concept and social, economic and political dimensions of democracy in general. To introduce the students about the Institutions from theoretical points of view and Nature of political institutions in general. 	 Lecture Assignment Individual and Group Presentation 	 Have an understanding of the concepts and dimensions of democracy and challenges before democracy, constitution and Social transformation. Get a prior understanding of the political institutions, state machinery and the process of state building 	marks. Internal Assessment: 30 Marks (Assignment: 10,

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I: Democracy

- 1. Concept, nature and significance
- 2. Dimensions of Democracy: Social, Economic and Political
- 3. Decentralisation; Grassroots Level Democracy
- 4. Challenges before Democracy: Women and marginalised sections of the society.

UNIT II: Constitution and Social Transformation

- 1. Structure and Growth of Economy (Poverty, Surplus and Unevenness)
- 2. Bureaucracy: Police and Army, Legal System and Judiciary, Media and Public Policy, Interest Groups and Policy Making
- 3. Social Movements, NGOs and Voluntary Action
- 4. Democracy and Development in India: An Assessment.

Period: 10

Period: 10

UNIT III: An Institutional Perspective

- 1. Constitution and Social Transformation: Theorizing Political Institutions.
- 2. Institutional Impacts on Political Actors and Outcomes, Institutional Order and Change, the Frontier of Institutionalism.
- 3. Political Institutions: Meaning, nature and critically analyse

UNIT IV: The State and State-building

Period: 10

Period: 10

1. Development of Civil Society with special reference to India

2. Political Institutions—Old and New

3. An analysis of comparative political institutions and political institutions in India.

Total Period: 40

Keywords: Constitution, comparative political institutions, Civil Society.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Sigh M.P & Subhendu, Rajen Raj (ed), (2013) The Indian Political System, Pearson, New Delhi
- 2. Menon Nivedita, (2012) Seeing Like A Feminist, New Delhi, Penguin Books India.
- 3. Sarita, D., (2009) *Politics in India: Issues, Institutions, Processes, Federalism in India:* A Quest for New Identity, (Latest Edition), Cambridge University Press, New Delhi.
- 4. Bose Sumantra, (2013) Transforming India: Challenges to World's Largest Democracy, , Pan Macmillan India
- 5. Basu, Shantanu, (2019) *The Irrelevant Indian: Democracy of Despair*, Authors Press, New Delhi.
- 6. Mahajan. Gurpeet, (ed) (2011)Accommodating Diversity: Ideas and Institutional *Practices*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 7. Singh M.P and Saxena R., (2008) *Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns* (Latest Edition), Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Textbooks:

- **1.** Bose Sumantra, (2013) *Transforming India: Challenges to World's Largest Democracy*, Pan Macmillan India
- 2. Kohli A, 1991, Democracy and Discontent : India's Growing Crisis of Governability, New Delhi, Cambridge University Press
- **3.** Chatterjee, P, (1998) State Politics in India (Themes in Politics), Oxford University Press

Level: Semester III

Course: DSE -3

Title of the Paper: Research Methodology

PAPER CODE-POL184D301

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
 This course offer an overview of research methodology including basic concepts employed in quantitative and qualitative research methods. This course introduces research methods as they apply to the higher education (HIED) field of study. 	1. Lecture 2. Assignment 3.Individual and Group Presentation	 The students will be trained in research methodology and able to conduct research on relevant topics. The students will also understand the methods of research and the techniques of data collection and interpretation of data for smooth conducting of research. 	 A. Semester end examination : 70 marks B. Internal Assessment:30 marks (Assignment: 15, Assignment Presentation: 05, Class Participation: 05, Attendance : 05)

Marks/ Credits: 100/4

Course Outline:

Unit 1: Introduction to Research Methodology

- 1. Meaning, nature and scope:
- 2. Scientific Method, Types of Research, Research Process
- 3. Research Design
- 4. Hypothesis: meaning and types,
- 5. Research concerns and areas in Political Science

Unit 2: Tools and Techniques of Research:

- 1. Sources of data: interview schedule, Questionnaire, Case Study
- 2. Sampling, Survey, Field Study,
- 3. Quantitative Approach Research Proposal, Synopsis
- 4. Review of related Literature

Unit 3: Research Design:

1. Concept and importance of research

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

- 2. Features of a good research design-Exploratory research design-concept, types and uses
- 3. Descriptive research design-concepts, types and uses.
- 4. Experimental design-Concept of independent and dependent variables.

Unit 4: Interpretation of Data and paper writings-layout of a research paper:

Periods: 10

- 1. Journals and Publications
- 2. Ethics and Research, Report writing and Thesis writing
- 3. Use of Statistical tools and Data Analysis.

Total Periods: 40

Keywords: Research, data, research design, methodology

The Highlighted portion will be taught using online methods

References:

- 1 Kothari, C.R., (2009) Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International.
- 2 Ahuja, Ram, (2001) Research Methods, Rawat Publications.
- 3 W.J. Goode, P. H. Halt, (2004), Methods in Social Research, New York: McGraw Hill.
- 4 P.V.Young, (2001), Scientific Social Surveys and Research, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.
- 5 J. T. Doby, (2000), An Introduction to Social Research, New York: Appleton.
- 6 Chris Hahn, (2009) Doing Qualitative Research Using Your Computer, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 7 Steinar, Kvale, (2008) Doing Interviews, New Delhi: Sage.
- 8 Tim, Rapley, (2008) Doing Conversation, Discourse and Document Analysis, New Delhi: Sage, 2008.
- 9 A.R. Tygagi, (1990) Scientific Method in Public Administration, London, Harper and Row.

Textbooks:

- 1. Young, (2001), Scientific Social Surveys and Research, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.
- 2. Kothari, C.R., (2009) Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International
- 3. Creswell and J. David Creswell, Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative and mixed Approaches, Sage Publication, 2018
- 4. Wayne C. Booth, Gregory Colomb, Joseph M. William, The Craft of Research, University of Chicago Press, 2016

Course: DSE – 4

Title of the Paper: Marxist Political Theory PAPER CODE-POL184D302

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning	Learning Outcomes	Course Evolution
-	Process	-	
 The paper seeks to give a comprehensive understanding of the Marxist philosophy and Marxist political theory. Apart from the ideas of Marx and Engels. The paper also introduces the major contributions of other Marxist theoreticians like Lenin, Stalin, Gramsci, Mao and the post-War theorists like Althusser, Miliband and Poulantzas. 	 Process 1. Lecture 2. Assignment 3. Individual and Group Presentation 	 Students will have a good understanding of the Marxist concepts. Will enable the students to have a critical perspective of the theory based papers. 	A. Semester end examination : 70 marks B. Internal Assessment: 30 marks (Assignment: 15, Assignment Presentation: 05, Class Participation: 05, Attendance: 05)

COURSE OUTLINE

Periods: 10

UNIT I: Foundations of Marxism

- 1. Philosophical Foundations (Marx and Engels) :
- 2. Dialectical Materialism, Materialist Conception of History, Critique of Capitalism.

Unit II: The Political Ideas

- 1. Political Ideas of Marx, Lenin, Rosa Luxumberg of the state
- 2. Class Struggle, State, Party, Dictatorship of the Proletariat, Communism.

UNIT III: Towards Praxis

Periods: 10

- 1. Althusser, Miliband, Poulantzas
- 2. Ideological State Apparatus, State in Capitalist Society, Theory of Relative

UNIT IV: Post-War Marxism

Periods: 10

- 1. The ideas of Lenin, Gramsci, Mao
- Civil Society, Hegemony, Party, Revolution, Revisionism. Autonomy. References:

Althusser, L, For Marx, London: Allen Lane, 1969

Althusser, L, Lenin and Philosophy, Monthly Review Press, 1971

Agger, Western Marxism: An Introduction, California: Goodyear Publishing Co, Inc., 1979

Avineri, S., Social and Political Theory of Karl Marx, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1968

Draper H., State and Bureaucracy, New York: Monthly Review Press, 1977

Engels, Frederick, Origin of the Family, Private Property and the State, Moscow: Progress Publishers, 1972

Femia J. V., Marxism and Democracy, Oxford University Press, 1993

Gramsci, Antonio, Selections from the Prison Notebooks, Aakar Books, 2015

Harding, N, Leninism, Macmillan, 1996

Lenin, V.I., State and Revolution, Moscow: Progress Publishers, 1975

Textbooks:

Luxumberg, Rosa, Reform or Revolution and other Writings, Dover Publications, 2006

Luxumberg, Rosa, Socialism or Barbarism: Selected Writings, Pluto Press, 2010

Marx and Engels, The Communist Manifesto, Moscow: Progress Publishers, 1972

Miliband R, The State in Capitalist Society, London: Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1970

Miliband R, "The Capitalist State: A Reply to Nicos Poulantzas", *New Left Review*, 59, pp.53-66, 1970

Miliband R, "Poulantzas and the Capitalist State", New Left Review, 82, pp.83-92, 1973

Miliband R, Marxism and Politics, Oxford University Press, 1977

Mouffe C, Gramsci and Political Theory, Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1979

Poulantzas N, "The Problem of the Capitalist State", New Left Review, 58, pp.67-78, 1969

Poulantzas N, "The Capitalist State: Reply to Miliband and Laclau", *New Left Review*, No 95, 1976

Sasoon A S, Gramsci's Politics, London: Hutchinson, 1987

Schram S, The Political Thought of Mao Tse-Tung, New York: Praeger, 1963

Stalin, J.V., Problems of Leninism, Peking: Foreign Languages Press, 1975.

LEVEL: SEMESTER III

COURSE: DSE 5

TITLE OF THE PAPER: Foreign Policy of Major Powers

PAPER CODE-POL184D303

Course Objectives	Teaching	Learning Outcomes	Course
	Learning		Evaluation
	Process		
1. To explore the	1. Lecture	1. Be able to	A. Semester
foreign policies of		understand and	end
the major	2. Assignment	evaluate the	examinatio
continental and		change and	n: 70
world powers	3. Individual and	continuity of	marks.
namely, US,	Group		Internal

Russia, China and Germany. 1. To analyze the change and continuity of the foreign policy of major powers.	Presentation	the foreign policy of major powers of the world. 2. An insight into the foreign policy into the foreign economic policy of major powers and how in this globalized era new challenges are addressed and incorporated	30 Marks (Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation:
		are addressed	
		the national interest.	

Periods: 10

UNIT I: Why Study Foreign Policy of Major Powers.

1. Concept and Bases of Power

2. Framework of Analysis: Determinants of the Foreign Policies of U.S., Russia, China.

UNIT II: US Foreign Policy

- 3. Main Features of US Foreign Policy
- 4. Policy of continuity and change
- 5. U.S. threat perceptions and security interests and its Foreign Economic Policy

UNIT III: Foreign Policy of Russia

- 3. Main Features of Russian Foreign Policy
- 4. Continuity and change; Russia's threat perceptions and security interests Foreign Economic Policy

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

UNIT IV: Foreign Policy of China

Periods: 10

- 7. Main Features of Chinese Foreign Policy
- 8. Relations with Regional and Major Powers
- 9. Foreign Economic Policy. China Dream, One Belt One Road

Keywords: Foreign Policy, Chinese Foreign Policy, Russian Foreign Policy

REFERENCES:

- 1 Chatterjee A, (2017) Neighbours, Major Powers and Indian Foreign Policy, , Orient Blackswan, New Delhi.
- 2 Chandra P., (2015) Foreign Policy of Major Powers, Sbpd Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3 Greene R., (2016) the Challenge of the Future: A Study in American Foreign Policy, Wentworth Press, Australia.
- 4 Harvey D., (2003) The New Imperialism, Oxford University Press, New York.
- 5 Kagan Robert., (2013) Of Paradise and Power: America and Europe in the New World Order, KNOPF Publishers.

Textbooks:

- 1. Pande A, Making India Great: The Promise of a Reluctant Global Power, 2019.
- 2. Jaishankar S, The Indian Way: Strategies for an Uncertain World by, Harper Collins India, 2020
- 3. Ganguly Sumit, Oxford India short introduction 'Indian Foreign Policy' 2019
- 4. Malone and Mohan, The Oxford Handbook of Indian Foreign Policy, OUP 2016

SYLLABUS (3rd SEMESTER)

Paper /Subject Name: Project Dissertation (Minor) Subject Code: POL184P321L-T-P-C - 4-0-0-4Credit Units: 4Scheme of Evaluation: Report & Internship

LEVEL: SEMESTER IV COURSE: C 1 TITLE OF THE PAPER: Social Movements in India PAPER CODE-POL184C401

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
 Social Movements is a very important component of Political Science. Learning this paper will give the students the broad view about the social structure of India. The present paper focuses on the political dimensions of social movements and examines the way the state, political parties and interest groups influence and in turn gets influenced by the social movements. 	 Lecture Assignment Individual and Group Presentation. 	 The students will have an insight into the Social Movements structure of India. The students will get an idea about the structure of caste other related issues in India. 	A. Semester end examination: 70 marks. Internal Assessment: 30 Marks (Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation: 05, Attendance: 05) Internal Test: 10)

UNIT I: Understanding Social MovementsPeriods: 101. Meaning and classification of Social Movements; Theories of social movements.2. New and Old Social Movements debate.UNIT II: Class and Caste Movements1. Peasants movements: Telengana / Naxalbari Movement.2. Workers movements: Telengana / Naxalbari Movement.3. Caste Movements: Railway Workers Strike/ Bombay Textile Workers Strike.3. Caste Movements: Dalit Movement / Backward class movement.UNIT III: Tribal and Ecological Movements:1. Naga and Jharkhand Movements.2. Narmada Bachao and Chipko movement.UNIT IV: Youth and Women's MovementsPeriods: 10

- 1. ABSU / AASU led movement.
- 2. Women's movement in Manipur Valley

Keywords: Movements, Caste, Social Structure, Students, Ecology.

The highlighted portion will be taught using online methods

REFERENCES

- 1. Rao, M.S.A., Social Movements in India, New Delhi, Manohar, 1981.
- 2. Shah, Ghanshyam, Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature, New Delhi, Sage, 1990
- 3. Singh, Rajendra, Social Movements, Old & New: A Postmodern Critique, Delhi, Sage, 2001
- 4. Oommen, T. K., Protest and Change, Studying in Social Movements, New Delhi, Sage, 1990.

Textbooks:

- 1. Rao, M.S.A., Social Movements in India, New Delhi, Manohar, 1981.
- 2. Desai, A. R. (ed.), 'Women's Movement in India: An Assessment', EPW, vol.20, no.23, pp.992-95.
- 3. Desai, A. R. (ed.), Agrarian Struggle in India after Independence, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1986.

LEVEL: SEMESTER IV

COURSE: C 2

TITLE OF THE PAPER: Indian Govt. and Politics

PAPER CODE-POL184C402

Marks/Credits: 100/4

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
 To give students a prior understanding of the nature of Indian Government and Politics To give students an understanding of themajor organs of the Government of India and nature of Indian Federalism. 	 Lecture Assignment Individual and Group Presentation 	 Get a prior understanding of the nature of Indian Government and Politics Get an understanding of the major organs of the government of India and nature of Indian Federalism 	A. Semester end examination: 70 marks. Internal Assessment: 30 Marks (Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation: 05, Attendance: 05) Internal Test: 10)

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I: Historical Background and Constitutional foundation of India Period: 10

- 1. Historical Background and Constitutional Foundations: Development of the Constitution of India
- 2. Composition and working of the Constituent Assembly
- 3. Ideology of the Constitution; Fundamental Rights & Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy Constitutional Amendments.

UNIT II: Union and State Government in India

Period: 10

- 1. Union Government: President, Prime Minister, Cabinet and Council of Ministers.
- 2. State government: Governor, Chief Minister.
- **3.** Union Parliament and State Vidhan Sabha.
- 4. Local Government- Rural and Urban.

UNIT III: Indian Judicial system: An analysis

- 1. Judiciary: Salient features and independence of Indian Judicial System
- 2. Supreme Court and the High Courts.
- **3.** Judicial Review, Judicial Activism including Public Interest Litigation Cases, Judicial Reforms.

UNIT IV: Indian Federalism: Theory and Practice

- 1. Indian Federalism- Theory and Practice:
- 2. Demands for State Autonomy and Separatist Movements.
- 3. Political and Social Dimensions: Political Elites, Civil Society and secularism.
- 4. Parties and Politics
- 5. Issues and Emerging trends in Party System in India; National and Regional Parties, their Organisation and Ideologies; Era of Coalition politics.

Total Periods: 40

${\it Keywords: Federalism, Judiciary, Amendments, Constituent Assembly}$

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dutta, Akhil Ranjan (ed), (2013) Politics in India: Issues, Institutions, Processes, ArunPrakashan, Guwahati.
- 2. Singh, Mahendra Prasad, Raj Subhendu R, (ed) (2012), The Indian Political System, Pearson, New Delhi.
- 3. Kothari, R. (2012) Politics in India, Orient Longman, New Delhi.
- 4. Jayal G.J., and Pratap M.B., (2010) The Oxford Companion to Politics in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 5. Singh M.P and Saxena R., (2008) Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns (Latest Edition), Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Textbooks:

- 1. Tyagi, R, Indian Politics, Mayur Publications, 2012
- 2. Yadav Yogendra, Making Sense of Indian Democracy, Permanent Black, 2020
- 3. Dutta, Akhil Ranjan (ed), (2013) Politics in India: Issues, Institutions, Processes, Arun Prakashan, Guwahati.

Period: 10

Period: 10

LEVEL: SEMESTER 4

COURSE: DSE 6

TITLE OF THE PAPER: Gender and Political Theory

PAPER CODE-POL184D401

Marks/Credits: 100/4

1. To explore how reading of political theory texts with an eye to gender 1. Lecture 1. An insight into the emergence and development of women's A. Semester end examinatio 1. An insight into the emergence and davelopment of women's A. Semester 1. An insight into the emergence and development of women's A. Semester 1. An insight into the emergence and development of women's Internal 1. An insight into the emergence and development of women's A. Semester 1. An insight into the emergence and development of different Namesta 1. An insight into the emergence and development of different Namesta 1. An insight into the emergence and development of different Namesta 1. An insight into the emergence and development of the discourse of political and arguments. A. Semester 2. To introduce debates and issues related to gender and also with the thoughts and writings of noted theorists who have deliberated in length on that particular issue with emphasis given on readings of Internal 1. An insight into the emergence and different Internal 1. An insight into the emerged at different Assessment: 30 Marks 2. To introduce development of with the the students Assignment 2. Get an understanding of the origin and development of Women's Internal Test: 10) 3. Individual and development of with emphasi	Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
COURSE OUTLINE	reading of political theory texts with an eye to gender can yield unique insights and foster critical thinking about political ideas and arguments. 2. To introduce the students about the debates and issues related to gender and also familiarize with the thoughts and writings of noted theorists who have deliberated in length on that particular issue with emphasis given on readings of original	2. Assignment 3. Individual and Group Presentation	emergence and development of women's movement that emerged at different times under the writings of different political philosophers and their contribution towards the development of the discourse of political theory. 2. Get an understanding of the origin and development of Women's movement in West and India and also will enable the students to understand the contemporary issues and debates in Gender Studies.	end examinatio n: 70 marks. Internal Assessment: 30 Marks (Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation: 05, Attendance: 05)

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I: Understanding Gender

- **1.** Feminist theorising of the sex/gender distinction
- 2. Biologism versus social constructivism.
- 3. Approaches to the study of Feminist Political theory: Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical feminism.

UNIT II: Conceptual Issues in Gender Studies

- 1. Patriarchy
- 2. Sexual Division of Labour
- 3. Personal is Political
- 4. Socio- Cultural and Institutional basis of Women's Oppression: Family, Education, Religion, Media.

UNIT III: Gender Movements in India: Perspectives and Debates Periods: 10

- 1. Origins of Women's Movement in the West
- 2. History of Women's struggle in India
- 3. Feminist issues and women's participation in anti-colonial and national liberation movements with special focus on India

UNIT IV: Contemporary Political Theory and Feminism

- 1. New Feminist Schools/Traditions:
- 2. Post Modernism and Feminism
- 3. Third World Feminist
- 4. Black Feminist.

Total Periods: 40

Keywords: social constructivism, Modernism, Feminism, women's participation

REFERENCES:

- 1. Sharma K. J.,(ed) (2019) Gender and Democracy in North-East India: Politics of Inclusion and Empowerment, , Purbanchal Prakash, Guwahati.
- 2. Hirschmann Nancy, (2009) Gender, Class and Freedom in Modern Political Theory, Princeton University Press.
- 3. Menon Nivedita, (2012) Seeing Like A Feminist, , New Delhi, Penguin Books India.
- 4. Okin, M.S., (2001) Women in Western Political Thought, (Latest Edition) Princeton University Press.
- 5. Bhargava Rajiv and Acharya A.,(ed) (2016) Political Theory: An Introduction, Pearson, New Delhi.

Textbooks:

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

- 1. Menon Nivedita, (2012) Seeing Like A Feminist, , New Delhi, Penguin Books India.
- 2. Menon, N, Gender and Politics in India: Themes in Politics by, Oxford India, 2001
- 3. Simone De Beauvoir, The Second Sex Vintage Publication, 2011
- 4. Menon ,N, Recovering Subversion, Orient Blackswan Private Limited, 2007

LEVEL: SEMESTER IV

COURSE: DSE 7

TITLE OF THE PAPER: Society and Politics in North-East India

PAPER CODE-POL184D402

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
 To introduce students about the north-east as a diverse region of India. To make an understandi ng about the identity movements and peace and conflict resolution in North East India. 	 Assignment Individual and 	 Understand the identity issues and socio- political movements of the ethnic community in North east India. Understand the effectiveness of Autonomy in North east India and problems and conflicts resolutions in North east India. 	A. Semester end examination: 70 marks. Internal Assessment: 30 Marks (Assignment: 10, Assignment Presentation: 05, Attendance: 05) Internal Test: 10)

UNIT I: Introduction to the North-Eastern Region	Periods: 10
 Identity and Ethnicity: Assam Accord, CAA. Identity movements: Bodo Movement: From past to present. Coming of the British into the region: Its impact. 	
UNIT II: Local self-government and Autonomy in North-east India P	Periods: 10
 6TH schedule and the Autonomous District Councils. Autonomous Council. Assam Panchayati Raj Acts, 1994. 	
UNIT III: Peace and Conflict resolution in North-east India P	Periods: 10
 Problems and conflict resolutions in North-east India: ULFA The Naga Issue: From Naga Club to the present. Stand and View of the Government and the peace and conflict resolution of India: Opportunities and Challenges 	f North-east
UNIT IV: Debate on Development	Periods: 10
 Act East Policy: The Debate around it. North-Eastern Council: The need for it. Borders: Concept and its development. 	
Total	Periods: 40
Keywords: Act East policy, Ethnic clash, Autonomous Council, Terrorism	
The highlighted portion will be taught using online methods	
REFERENCES:	
 Mahanta, Nani Gopal, Gogoi Dilip (ed), (2012) Shifting Terrain: Conflict I in North- East India, , DVS Publishers, Guwahati. Dutta, Akhil Ranjan (ed) (2009) Human Security in North-East India, Anw Publications, Guwahati. 	-

- 3. Deshpande A., (2017) Backpacking North-East Indi: A Curious Journey, Notion Press, Inc.
- 4. Chaube K.S., (2012) Hill Politics in North- East India, (Third Edition) Orient Blackswan, New Delhi.
- 5. Barpujari K. H., (1998) North-East India: Problems, Policies and Prospects, 1998, Spectrum, Guwahati.

6. Sharma J., (2011) An Alternative Formulation For Autonomous Councils In Assam, Economic and Political Weekly, August 27, 2011, XLVI (35): 23 – 27.

Texts books:

- **1.** Barpujari K. H., (1998) North-East India: Problems, Policies and Prospects, 1998, Spectrum, Guwahati
- 2. Dutta, Akhil Ranjan (ed) (2009) Human Security in North-East India, Anwesha Publications, Guwahati.
- **3.** Chaube K.S., (2012) Hill Politics in North- East India, (Third Edition) Orient Blackswan, New Delhi

LEVEL: SEMESTER IV

COURSE: DSE 8

TITLE OF THE PAPER: India's Foreign Policy

PAPER CODE- POL184D403

Course Objectives	Teaching Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	Course Evaluation
 1 The domestic sources and the structural constraints on the genesis, evolution and practice of India's foreign policy. The endeavour is to highlight integral linkages between the 'domestic' and the 'international' aspects of India's foreign policy by stressing on the shifts in its domestic identity and the corresponding changes at the international level. 2. About India's shifting identity as a 	 Lecture Assignment Individual and Group Presentation 	 To understand India's foreign policy in the historical as well as in the current context. To understand and analyze the India's relations with major powers and regions of the world. 	

postcolonial state to the		
contemporary		
dynamics of India		
attempting to carve its		
identity as an 'aspiring		
power'.		
-		

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

Periods: 10

Total Periods: 40

UNIT I: India's Foreign Policy

- 1. Origins & Meaning and Determinants
- 2. Nonalignment: Definition; India's role in Nonaligned Movement (NAM)

UNIT II: India and her neighbours

- 1. Pakistan, China, Sri Lanka, Nepal and Bangladesh
- 2. India and Regionalism in South Asia

UNIT III: India and Important Regions

- 1. West Asia, South East Asia, Africa
 - 2. India and Australia and QUAD

UNIT IV: Recent Trends

- 1. India's Nuclear Policy
- 2. Globalization and India's Foreign Policy

Keywords: Foreign Policy, West Asia, South East Asia, Regionalism

REFERENCES:

- Menon S., (2018) Choices: Inside the Making of India's Foreign Policy, Penguin Books Ltd., New Delhi.
- Scott David, (2011), Handbook of India's International Relations, Routeledge, London.
- 3 Li Li in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), (2013) 'Stability in Southern Asia: China's Perspective', Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.
- 4 Ganguly S., (2015) Indian Foreign Policy, 2015, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 5 Chaulia, Sreeram, (2016) Modi Doctrine: The Foreign Policy of India's Prime Minister, 2016, Bloomsbury India

Textbooks:

- 1. Ganguly S., (2015) Indian Foreign Policy, 2015, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Chaulia, Sreeram, (2016) Modi Doctrine: The Foreign Policy of India's Prime Minister, 2016, Bloomsbury India
- Scott David, (2011), Handbook of India's International Relations, Routeledge, London.

SYLLABUS (4thSEMESTER)

Paper / Subject Name: Project Dissertation (Major) Subject Code: POL184C421

L-T-P-C – 0-0-0-8 Theory and Practical Credit Units: 8

Scheme of Evaluation: